

Examination Report

December 2017 Refraction Certificate Examination

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G⁺ Alpha*Plus*

1 Introduction

The XX Refraction Certificate examination in the format was held in XX for the XXth time in December 2017. 63 candidates presented themselves for the examination. The examination consisted of a 12 station OSCE covering a range of skills required to assess visual acuity, refractive error and the prescription of spectacles.

1.1 Examination blueprint

The Refraction Certificate (RCert) is designed to assess the following learning outcomes from the Royal College of Ophthalmologists curriculum for ophthalmic specialist training (OST):

CA2 Vision CA7 Motility PM1 Management plan PM14 Spectacles PS2 Refraction PS21 Hand hygiene C1 Rapport C2 Communication C12 Records BCS6 Optics BCS14 Instrument technology AER16 Time management

1.2 Examination Structure

The examination consists of 12 OSCE stations. Each station contributes a possible 15 marks to the overall total. The stations used for the examination were:

- 1. Cycloplegic Retinoscopy (CR1)
- 2. Cycloplegic Retinoscopy (CR2)
- 3. Subjective Refraction Cylinder (SRC)
- 4. Cycloplegic Retinoscopy (CR3)
- 5. Cycloplegic Retinoscopy (CR4)
- 6. Lens Neutralisation (LN)
- 7. Non Cycloplegic Retinoscopy (NCR1)
- 8. Non Cycloplegic Retinoscopy (NCR2)
- 9. Visual acuity and IPD measurement (VA)
- 10. Subjective Refraction Sphere (SRS)
- 11. Binocular balance (BB)
- 12. Near Addition (NA)

2 Summary

This is the XX sitting of the refraction certificate with 12 OSCE stations. This was the XX refraction certificate exam to be held in XX. The reliability of the examination is below the desired acceptable level (Cronbach alpha 0.72, desired level >0.8).

The Hofstee method of standard setting was used to identify the pass mark for this examination, which was 70.56%. Three stations achieved high mean scores, stations 4, 9 and 12. The station with the lowest mean score was station 6.

The pass rate was 55.56% with a higher pass rate in OST at 58.54%.

Candidates in training appear to be better prepared for the exam than their non-trainee counterparts (58.54% compared to 50.00%).

3 Standard Setting

Candidates must be able to accurately assess visual acuity, measure refractive error and recommend an appropriate spectacle correction to pass the RCert. The pass mark is identified using the Hofstee method:

3.1 Hofstee method

After the examination, examiners were asked to review the parameters for the standard setting based upon their judgment of the difficulty of the stations. The following values were used to set the pass mark:

The cumulative fail rate as a function of the pass mark and the co-ordinates derived from the four values above were plotted on a graph. The point where a line joining the two coordinates intersects the cumulative function curve is used to identify the pass mark.

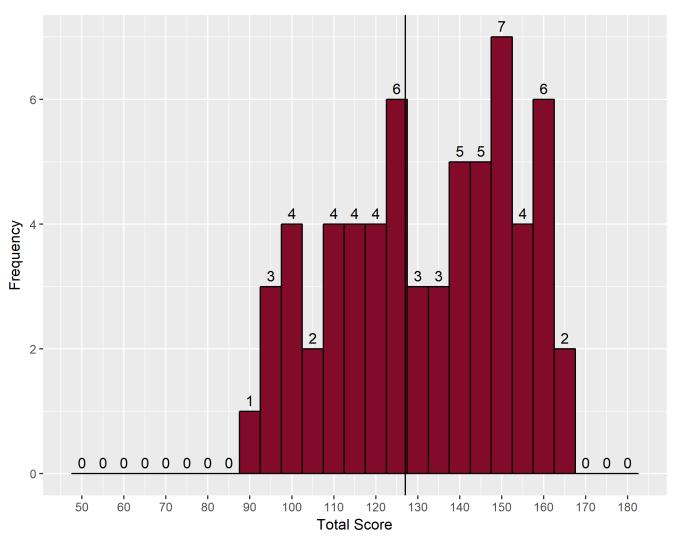
- The maximum credible pass mark for the examination = 75%
- The maximum credible pass rate for the examination = 75%
- The minimum credible pass mark for the examination = 60%
- The minimum credible pass rate for the examination = 30%

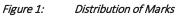
The Hofstee pass mark for this examination was 127/180 (71%).

4 Results

Table 1: Results Summary

Statistic	Value	Percentage
Number of candidates	63	
Maximum possible mark	180	
Mean candidate mark	131.67	73.15%
Median candidate mark	134.00	74.44%
Standard deviation	20.81	11.56%
Highest candidate mark	163	90.56%
Lowest candidate mark	92	51.11%
Reliability	0.72	
Standard error of measurement (SEM)	11.08	6.16%
Hofstee pass mark	127/180	70.56%
Pass Rate	35/63	55.56%
Pass Rate in OST	24/41	58.54%





The vertical line denotes the point on the mark distribution where the pass mark lies.

Table 2:	Station Summary
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Station	Category	Mean	Median	Standard Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
1	CR1	10.51	11.00	3.45	1	15
2	CR2	10.73	11.00	3.39	3	15
3	SRC	10.21	12.00	4.47	0	15
4	CR3	12.35	13.00	2.96	3	15
5	CR4	11.38	13.00	3.50	1	15
6	LN	9.73	10.00	3.73	0	15
7	NCR1	11.00	13.00	4.09	3	15
8	NCR2	10.87	12.00	4.05	3	15
9	VA	12.13	12.00	1.80	6	15
10	SRS	10.16	11.00	3.30	1	14
11	BB	9.95	11.00	4.09	0	15
12	NA	12.65	14.00	2.52	4	15

The relative weights for each skill in refraction (based upon the number of stations) are:

Table 3: Weights for each skill

Clinical Skill	Number of stations	Contribution to total marks	Median mark
Retinoscopy	6	50%	12
Subjective	3	25%	11
Other	3	25%	12

Table 4:Correlation between stations

	CR1	CR2	SRC	CR3	CR4	LN	NCR1	NCR2	VA	SRS	BB
CR1	Х										
CR2	0.54	Х									
SRC	0.07	0.11	Х								
CR3	0.55	0.39	0.02	Х							
CR4	-0.07	0.27	0.30	0.30	Х						
LN	0.34	0.13	0.35	0.12	0.08	Х					
NCR1	0.12	0.03	0.00	0.22	0.31	0.06	Х				
NCR2	0.18	0.08	-0.01	0.19	0.27	0.11	0.88	Х			
VA	-0.03	0.01	0.20	-0.12	0.00	-0.09	0.29	0.24	Х		
SRS	0.31	0.09	0.34	0.11	-0.06	0.37	0.11	0.16	0.19	Х	
BB	0.16	0.10	0.24	0.03	-0.15	0.23	-0.01	0.12	0.24	0.75	Х
NA	0.07	-0.01	0.36	-0.03	-0.06	0.24	0.03	0.06	0.27	0.40	0.42

Median correlation between the cycloplegic refraction stations = 0.345

There was moderate correlation between the following pairs of cycloplegic refraction stations: CR1 and CR2, CR1 and CR3, CR2 and CR3, CR2 and CR4, CR3 and CR4.

Median correlation between the non-cycloplegic refraction stations = 0.88

Best correlation = between station 7 and 8 (0.88)

Poorest correlation between any station = -0.15, as highlighted in red

Table 5: Correlation between each station and the total score

Station	CR1	CR2	SRC	CR3	CR4	LN	NCR1	NCR2	VA	SRS	BB	NA
Correlation v Total Sc	0.54	0.46	0.52	0.46	0.39	0.52	0.53	0.58	0.31	0.63	0.52	0.42

5 Breakdown of results

Table 6: Breakdown of results by training

Training	Failed	Passed	Total
In OST	17	24	41
Not in OST	11	11	22
Total	28	35	63

Table 7: Breakdown of results by deanery

Deanery	Failed	Passed	Total
East Midlands	1	1	2
East of England	0	2	2
East of Scotland	1	0	1
Europe and Overseas	1	0	1
KSS	1	0	1
London	3	3	6
Mersey	0	3	3
North of Scotland	0	1	1
North Western	1	0	1
Northern Ireland	0	1	1
Oxford	1	1	2
Peninsula	1	3	4
Severn	1	1	2
Wales	1	1	2
Wessex	0	2	2
West Midlands	2	1	3
West of Scotland	1	3	4
Yorkshire	2	1	3
Total	17	24	41

Table 8: Breakdown of results by stage of training

Training	Failed	Passed	Total
MO ST5	1	0	1
MO ST6	1	0	1
OST1	1	0	1
OST2	3	9	12
OST3	9	15	24
OST4	2	0	2
Total	17	24	41

Table 9: Breakdown of results by number of previous attempts

Sitting Attempt	Failed	Passed	Total
1	19	24	43
2	5	11	16
3	3	0	3
4	1	0	1
Total	28	35	63

6 Comparison to previous examinations

Table 10: Comparison to previous years' exams

Date	Candidates	Pass mark	Pass rate	Pass rate in OST	% Candidates in OST	Reliability	SEM	Hofstee pass mark
Nov 10	53	74%	42%	44%	68%	0.6	7 (7%)	71%
Apr 11	57	71%	35%	47%	63%	0.6	6 (6%)	67%
July 11	41	67%	66%	72%	71%	0.4	6 (6%)	71%
Nov 11	69	65%	71%	75%	70%	0.6	8 (8%)	68%
Mar 12	54	73%	54%	66%	57%	0.6	8 (8%)	72%
July 12	44	71%	59%	67%	64%	0.5	9 (9%)	71%
Dec 12*	71	69%	75%	77%	55%	0.6	11 (6%)	72%
Apr 13	64	74%	61%	64%	64%	0.8	11 (6%)	74%
July 13	42	72%	74%	90%	48%	0.7	10 (6%)	74%
Dec 13	75	72%	67%	76%	65%	0.7	10 (6%)	71%
Apr 14	56	73%	84%	89%	66%	0.6	9.5 (5%)	75%
July 14	34	74%	62%	55%	65%	0.4	11 (6%)	74%
Dec 14*	63	71%	68%	77%	68%	0.6	12 (7%)	71%
Apr 15*	57	77%	65%	73%	65%	0.4	11 (7%)	77%
June 15*	33	69%	58%	n/a^	0%	0.73	10 (6%)	69%
July 15*	31	66%	58%	55%	65%	0.65	9.4 (5%)	66%
Jan 16*	70	70%	60%	60%	81%	0.8	10 (6%)	70%
Mar 16*	57	77%	81%	83%	70%	0.9	7.7 (4%)	77%
Jun 16*	23	70%	57%	n/a^	0%	0.7	11 (6%)	70%
July 16*	64	70%	64%	67%	67%	0.6	12 (7%)	70%
Jan 17*	62	72%	63%	64%	90%	0.6	10 (6%)	72%
Apr 17*	63	73%	67%	69%	62%	0.7	11 (6%)	73%
July 17*	62	72%	38%	68%	60%	0.7	12 (6%)	72%
Dec 17*	63	71%	35%	59%	65%	0.72	11 (6%)	71%

* Hofstee pass mark used for these examinations

^ Examination held in Kuching

Deanery	Total passes	Total candidates	Pass rate %
East Midlands	25	38	66
East of England	35	52	67
East of Scotland	9	11	82
Europe and Overseas	0	1	0
KSS	20	23	87
London	130	178	73
Mersey	33	45	73
North of Scotland	2	2	100
North Western	2	4	50
Northern Ireland	12	18	67
Oxford	12	17	71
Peninsula	16	42	38
Severn	15	25	60
Wales	19	37	51
Wessex	23	33	70
West Midlands	49	71	69
West of Scotland	4	5	80
Yorkshire	45	65	69
North Scotland	8	9	89
North West	28	38	74
Northern	19	25	76
South East of Scotland	2	3	67
South East Scotland	14	17	82
West Scotland	19	29	66
Total	541	788	69

Table 11: Performance of candidate by deanery for all examinations to date, where deanery is known